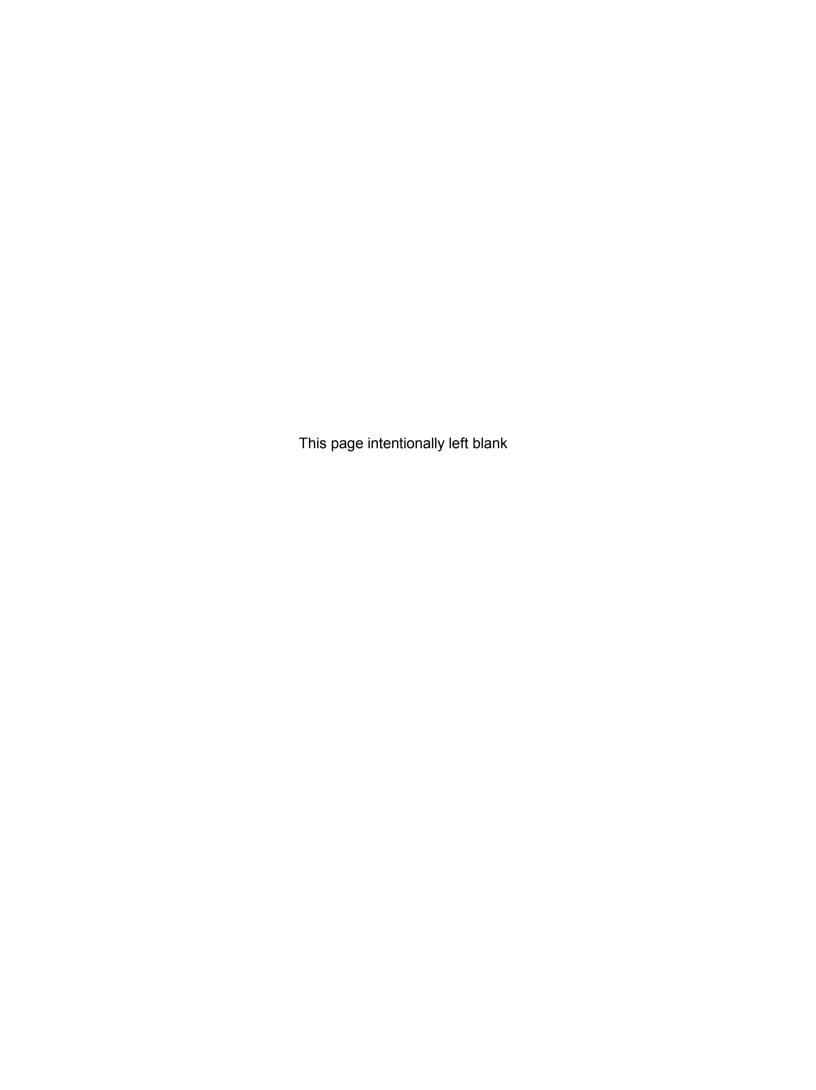
WATER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUNDS OF THE Santa Clara Valley Water District

San Jose, California

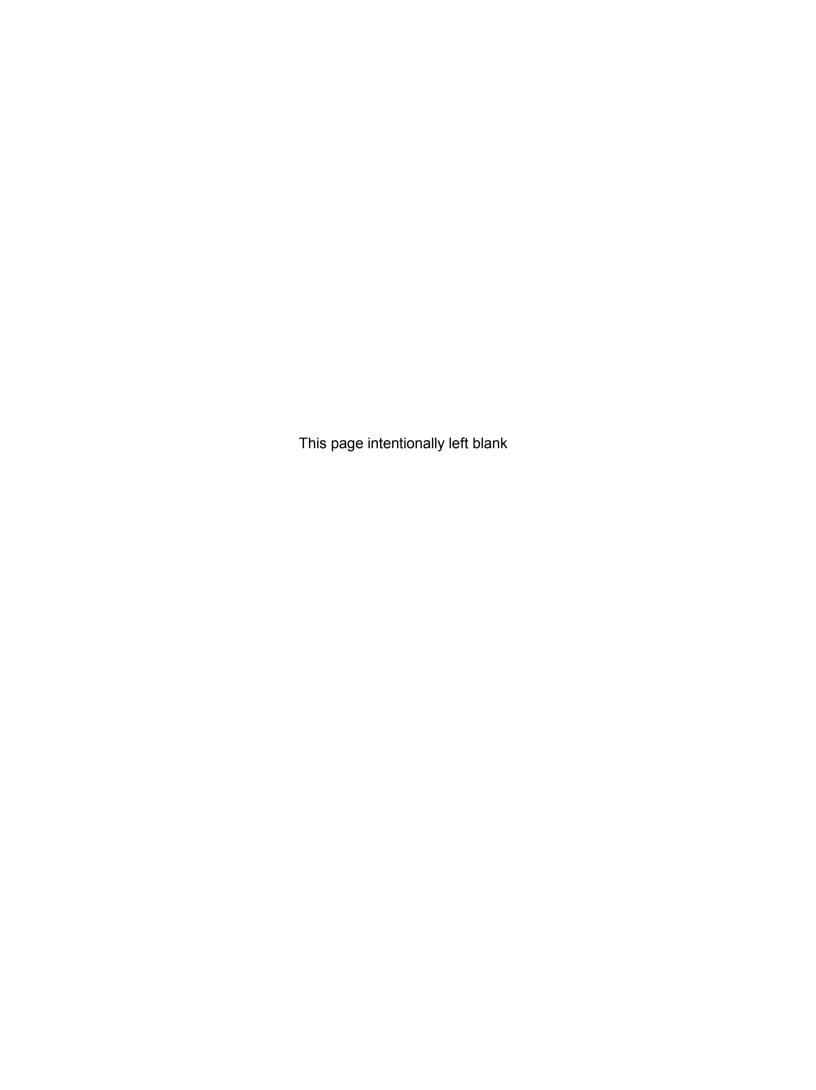
Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013



WATER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUNDS OF THE SANTA CLARA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Table of Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Net Position	14
Statement of Cash Flows	15
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	17
Required Supplemental Information	
Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post Employment Benefit Pla	n54
Other Information	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.	57
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	37
Independent Accountant's Report on Applying	
Agreed-Upon Procedures.	59
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses – Budgetary Basis	61





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors Santa Clara Valley Water District San Jose, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Water Enterprise Fund (Fund) of the Santa Clara Valley Water District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Fund's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Fund, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Individual Fund Financial Statements

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2013, and the changes in its financial position, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other postemployment schedule of funding progress as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on page 59 through 61, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplemental information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Varrinet, Trine, Day & Co. LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 21, 2014, on our consideration of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Fund's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Palo Alto, California April 21, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the Santa Clara Valley Water District's Water Utility Enterprise Fund (the "Fund") financial performance provides an overview of the Water Utility Enterprise Fund financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This information is presented in conjunction with the audited financial statements that follow this section.

The Fund manages and supplies wholesale treated water, groundwater, recycled water and surface water for the residents of Santa Clara County. The Fund is a separate enterprise fund of the Santa Clara Valley Water District (District) that was established to account for the water utility transactions of the District. The Fund is comprised of two funds – Water Enterprise Fund and State Water Project Fund. The Water Enterprise Fund accounts for ongoing water utility operations and with revenues comprised primarily of charges to the District's groundwater and treated water customers. The State Water Project Fund accounts specifically for state water project tax revenue and state water project contractual costs.

Because service needs are different in the northern and southern portions of the county, operations and expenditures are tracked based on the relative benefit to North County and South County zones. Likewise, the District's water charges between the two zones are set separately.

The District engaged Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP to conduct an audit of the District's Water Utility Enterprise Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The purpose of the audit was to analyze the reasonableness of the allocations of cost and revenue between the two groundwater charge zones within the Water Utility Enterprise Fund, the North County zone and the South County zone.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The accounting policies of the Fund of the Santa Clara Valley Water District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The financial statements include the financial activity of the Water Enterprise Fund only. The Fund was established to account for the revenues and expenses of the Fund. These financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations of the Santa Clara Valley Water District as a whole, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Fund is accounted for as a Proprietary Fund. When the District charges users for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The following are the statements of the Fund:

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Fund's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Fund is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position provides information about the Fund's revenues and expenses on an accrual basis.

The Statement of Cash Flows provides relevant information of the Fund's cash receipts and cash payments during the period. This statement presents changes in the Fund's cash and cash equivalents resulting from operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Fund's financial statements. The Fund accounts for operations in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. Operations are accounted for in such a manner as to show net income or loss and the Fund is intended to be entirely or predominantly self supported from user charges.

Financial Highlights

Water Utility Enterprise Fund's Net Position (Dollars in Thousands)

	2013		 2012
Current and other assets	\$	174,636	\$ 157,759
Capital assets		811,932	785,448
Total assets		986,568	943,207
Current liabilities		62,945	46,541
Litigation - claim		7,062	6,738
Long-term liabilities outstanding		208,838	217,301
Total liabilities		278,845	270,580
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets		575,683	554,316
Restricted		30,131	28,082
Unrestricted		101,909	 90,229
Total net position	\$	707,723	\$ 672,627

- The total net assets of the Fund exceeded its liabilities by \$707.7 million. Of this
 amount, \$101.9 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Fund's
 ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The largest portion of the Fund's net position (81.3 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, equipment, and contract water rights) less any related debt used to acquire those assets still

outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and consumers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Fund's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debts, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The net increase in the investment in capital assets, net of related debt was \$21.4 million. Major projects contributing to this increase, less any related debts, included Silicon Valley Advanced Water Purification Center of \$13.8 million, Water Protection Project of \$4.5 million, Pipeline Rehabilitation of \$4.1 million, Anderson Dam Seismic Retrofit of \$4.0 million, Pacheco Pumping Plant Adjustable Speed Drives Replacement of \$2.5 million, Rinconada Water Treatment Plant Reliability Improvement of \$2.2 million, Rinconada Water Treatment Plant Facility Renewal Program Residual Management of \$1.9 million, Penitencia Water Treatment Plant Maintenance Building of \$1.5 million, South County Recycled Water Pipeline of \$1.3 million, and the ongoing major improvements to the water treatment plants.

Water Utility Enterprise Fund's Changes in Net Position (Dollars in Thousands)

(Bollars III Thousan	ido)	2013	2012
Revenues:			
Ground water charges	\$	62,084	\$ 48,030
Treated water charges		92,359	92,904
Surface and recycled water charges		1,275	849
Operating grants		980	1,111
Capital grants and contributions		4,610	11,803
Property taxes		24,200	22,327
Investment income		1,163	1,082
Miscellaneous		5,561	 2,573
Total revenues		192,232	180,679
Expenses:			
Operating expenses		151,987	150,605
Nonoperating and other expenses		8,878	 8,858
Total expenses		160,865	159,463
Change in net position before transfers		31,367	21,216
Transfers		3,729	 3,281
Change in net position		35,096	24,497
Net position, beginning		672,627	 648,130
Net position, ending	\$	707,723	\$ 672,627

- The net position of the Fund increased by \$35.1 million. Compared to the previous fiscal year, key elements of the changes are as follows:
 - a. Revenues from ground water charges increased by \$14.1 million or 29.3 percent due to increase in volume deliveries and water rate. Compared to

- prior fiscal year 2012, the total acre feet of ground water usage of major customers increased by approximately 16.5 thousand or 17.9 percent.
- b. Receipts of treated water charges were lower by \$545 thousand or 0.6 percent due to decrease in acre feet deliveries of treated water, which was offset by an increase in treated water rate of 7.9 percent for contract and 8.5 percent for non-contract.. The total acre feet deliveries of treated water were down by approximately 9.4 thousand or 6.8 percent, if compared to prior fiscal year 2012. The decrease in the volume of treated water deliveries is due to water companies purchasing more ground water to take advantage of the lower non-agricultural groundwater rate.
- Operating grants decreased by \$131 thousand or 11.8 percent due to lower operating grants received from various agencies for the Residential Water Conservation Program.
- d. Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$7.2 million or 60.9 percent. The decrease was due to lower reimbursement from San Benito County on San Felipe capital projects by \$802 thousand and the receipt of various grants in fiscal year 2012 but not in fiscal year 2013: a one-time \$4.0 million Federal American Recovery and Reinvestment funding and \$6.1 million reimbursement from City of San Jose for the Recycled Water Facilities and Program Integration project. These decreases were offset by increases in reimbursements from the following agencies: Bay Area Clean Water Agency for the South Bay Advanced Recycled Water Treatment Project by \$2.9 million and Department of Water Resources for the San Luis By Pass Feasibility Study Program of \$955 thousand.
- e. Property taxes increased by \$1.9 million or 8.4 percent due to higher assessed value of property and the distribution of funds previously allocated to the redevelopment agencies.
- f. Investment earnings increased by \$81 thousand or 7.5 percent due to higher cash balance offset by lower interest rates and net negative impact from the GASB 31 fair market value adjustment of \$676 thousand.
- g. Miscellaneous revenues increased by \$3.0 million or 116 percent due to increase in the purchase of imported water by the United States Bureau of Reclamation by \$1.5 million, the receipt of settlement payment from two legal cases in the amount of \$636 thousand and the increase in the encroach permit of \$823 thousand.
- h. Total operating expenses increased by \$1.4 million or 0.9 percent as a result of higher direct benefit charges that included cost of funding current fiscal year's annual required contribution (ARC) in full and a portion of prior year's unfunded ARC of the Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB).
- i. Non-operating and other expenses increased by \$20 thousand due to costs of implementing the commercial paper program for the full fiscal year.

Water Utility Enterprise Fund's Schedule of Revenues and Expenses

(Budgetary Basis) (Dollars in Thousands)

	North (County	South (County	To	tal
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Operating Revenues:						
Ground water charges	\$ 52,116	\$ 38,817	\$ 9,968	\$ 9,213	\$ 62,084	\$48,030
Treated water charges	92,359	92,904	-	-	92,359	92,904
Surfaced and recycled						-
water charges	804	471	471	378	1,275	849
Total water charges	145,279	132,192	10,439	9,591	155,718	141,783
Operating grants	944	1,032	36	79	980	1,111
Other	946	123	-		946	123
Total operating revenues	147,169	133,347	10,475	9,670	157,644	143,017
Operating Expenses:						
Source of supply	70,734	59,895	7,192	6,850	77,926	66,745
Water treatment	29,359	27,735	28	19	29,387	27,754
Transmission and						
distribution:						
Raw water	7,287	6,597	2,095	1,810	9,382	8,407
Treated water	1,934	1,818	85	24	2,019	1,842
Cost of goods sold	109,314	96,045	9,400	8,703	118,714	104,748
Administration and general	13,690	14,202	2,901	2,677	16,591	16,879
Capital cost recovery	(2,947)	(2,859)	2,947	2,859	-	-
Total operating expenses	120,057	107,388	15,248	14,239	135,305	121,627
Operating income (loss)	27,112	25,959	(4,773)	(4,569)	22,339	21,390
Non-operating income						
(expenses)						
Property taxes	21,883	20,341	2,317	1,986	24,200	22,327
Investment income	1,163	1,446	-	=	1,163	1,446
Rental income	66	63	30	30	96	93
Other	4,175	2,298	344	59	4,519	2,357
Interest/fiscal agent fees	(8,878)	(8,858)	-	-	(8,878)	(8,858)
Open space credit transfer	(7,076)	(6,401)	7,076	6,401	-	-
Interest earned credit	(10)	58	10	(58)	-	-
Percholorate response						
costs		2,243		(2,243)		
Net non-operating income	11,323	11,190	9,777	6,175	21,100	17,365
Income (loss)	\$ 38,435	\$ 37,149	\$ 5,004	\$ 1,606	\$43,439	\$38,755

- The Fund's total revenues from water charges were \$155.7 million in fiscal year 2012-13. Ninety-three percent of those revenues, or \$145.3 million were collected from customers in the North County, while the remaining seven percent or \$10.4 million were collected from South County customers.
- Operating grants applied for and received were \$900 thousand to augment North County revenue and \$36 thousand in the South County. These grants helped to fund water conservation, landscape water efficiency, raw water field maintenance and operations, and recycled/reclaimed water programs.
- Operating expenses for the North County include \$109.3 million in cost of goods sold, or 74 percent of its total operating revenues. Whereas, for the South County, cost of goods sold is \$9.4 million or 90 percent of its total operating revenues.
- Administration and general expenses make up 9 percent of total operating revenues in the North County and 28 percent of total operating revenues in the South County.
- Total operating revenues of \$157.6 million less total operating expenses of \$135.3 million results in a \$22.3 million gain from operations. The gain from North County operations is \$27.1 million, while the loss from South County operations is \$4.8 million.

Operations is supplemented with property tax and investment earnings of \$25.4 million overall.

- Property taxes collected in the North County amounted to \$21.9 million while \$2.3 million were collected in South County for a total of \$24.2 million. These are comprised of voter approved obligations for State Water Project and Zone W-1 Debt service; and the water utility's allocated share of the countywide 1 percent ad valorem taxes.
- \$1.2 million of investment earnings resulted from an average return of 0.57
 percent on average monthly cash balances of \$115.7 million was allocated to the
 North County.

Overall net income was \$43.4 million. A total of \$38.4 million income was allocated to North County and \$5.0 million gain was allocated to South County.

The following table shows the rates for water services for fiscal year 2012-13

Water Utility Enterprise Fund's Rate Summary Adopted 2012-13

	Rate
Groundwater North County – Agricultural North County – Non-Agricultural South County – Agricultural South County – Non-Agricultural	\$ 17.70 622.00 17.70 295.00
Treated Water Contract (Scheduled) Non-Contract	722.00 672.00
Untreated Water North County – Agricultural North County – Non-Agricultural South County – Agricultural South County – Non-Agricultural	17.70 622.00 17.70 295.00
Water Master	12.60
Minimum Charge North County – Non-Agricultural South County – Non-Agricultural North County – Agricultural South County – Agricultural	466.50 221.25 13.28 13.28
Reclaimed Water Gilroy Reclamation Facility – Agricultural Gilroy Reclamation Facility – Non-Agricultural	41.50 275.00

Note:

Capital Assets

The Fund's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2013, amounts to \$811.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes intangible rights, land, construction in progress, buildings, structures and improvements, machinery and equipment. During fiscal year 2012-13, the total increase in the Fund's investment in capital assets for the current year was \$26.5 million.

The surface water charge is the sum of the basic user charge plus the water master charge. ¹Beginning in Fiscal Year 2012-13, the ag minimum charge is now 75% of the agricultural basic user charge rather than the M&I basic user charge.

Major capital projects expenses during the current fiscal year include the following (in millions):

- Silicon Valley Advanced Water Purification Center \$13.8
- Water Protection Project \$4.5
- Pipeline Rehabilitation \$4.1
- Anderson Dam Seismic Retrofit \$4.0
- Pacheco Pumping Plant Adjustable Speed Drives Replacement \$2.5
- Rinconada Water Treatment Plant Reliability Improvement \$2.2
- Rinconada Water Treatment Plant Facility Renewal Program Residual Management - \$1.9
- Penitencia Water Treatment Plant Maintenance Building \$1.5
- South County Recycled Water Treatment Pipeline \$1.3

Water Utility Enterprise Fund's Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) (Dollars in Thousands)

	201	3	2012
Land Contract water and storage rights	•	7,594 \$	17,594 57,872
Buildings Structures and improvements	2	2,699 3,425	2,759 405,166
Equipment	6	5,225	7,409
Construction in progress		1,540	294,648
Total	\$ 811	1,932 <u>\$</u>	785,448

Information on the Fund's capital assets activity for fiscal year 2012-13 can be found in Note 6 on page 31 of this report.

Debt Administration

On December 17, 2002, the District Board of Directors authorized a commercial paper program. On May 15, 2012, the execution and delivery of certain agreements in connection with the District's commercial paper program in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$100 million was approved by the District Board of Directors.

As of June 30, 2013, the Fund had \$36.1 million outstanding short-term debt consisting of non-taxable commercial paper for \$26.5 million and taxable commercial paper for \$9.6 million.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Fund had total long term debt outstanding of \$222.3 million. This Fund's long-term obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

Water Utility Enterprise Fund's Outstanding Obligations (Dollars in Thousands)

	2013		2012		
Revenue bonds	\$	203,780	\$		210,480
	φ	•	φ)	•
Compensated absences		4,631			4,722
Semitropic water banking		6,045			6,045
State revolving fund		5,172			5,445
Other post employment benefits		2,746			4,425
Litigation claim		7,062			6,738
Bond discount		(791)			(829)
Deferred amount on refunding		(2,196)			(2,319)
Deferred interest swap		(6,726)			(7,007)
Premium on bond issue		2,541			2,648
Total	\$	222,264	\$	3	230,348

The Fund's outstanding long-term obligations as of the end of the current fiscal year decreased by a net of \$8.1 million. The decreases in obligations were from the normal repayment of principal on existing outstanding debts.

The credit ratings of the revenue bonds of the Fund are Aa1 from Moody's and AA from Standard & Poor's.

Additional information on the Fund's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 32 to 37 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The annual budget outlines the District's mission, "Provide Silicon Valley safe, clean water for a healthy life, environment, and economy".

The FY2013-14 budget reinforces our commitment to focus on providing the core services that are critical to Santa Clara County communities and must be delivered without interruption.

The budget is comprised of \$230.7 million in net operating outlays and \$241.2 million in capital projects. It focuses on:

- Operating and maintaining the vast network and infrastructure necessary to transport, treat, and deliver clean, reliable water
- Maintaining flood protection channels to protect communities
- Continuing to provide stream stewardship to safely transport storm water and provide wildlife habitat

The \$471.9 million budget is driven by the aggressive capital improvement program to rehabilitate the aging infrastructure and projects to deliver clean, reliable water, maintain flood protection channels and provide stream stewardship.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors, of the North and South Counties with a general overview of the Water Utility Enterprise's finances and to demonstrate the Water Utility Enterprise's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the General Accounting Unit at 5750 Almaden Expressway, San Jose, CA 95118, or call (408) 265-2600.

WATER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUNDS OF THE

SANTA CLARA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Water Enterprise Fund		State Water Project Fund		Total	
ASSETS						
Current assets: Cash and investments (Note 3) Restricted cash and investments (Note 3)	\$	130,483 6,629	\$	5,233	\$	135,716 6,629
Receivables: Accounts		26,070		412		26,482
Taxes		5		33		38
Due from other funds (Note 13)		1,699		-		1,699
Deferred charge		1,112		-		1,112
Deposits and other assets		2,960				2,960
Total current assets		168,958		5,678		174,636
Non current assets:						
Capital assets: (Note 6)						
Contract water rights, net		33,727		21,722		55,449
Nondepreciable		329,134		-		329,134
Depreciable, net		427,349	-	- 24 722	-	427,349
Total non current assets		790,210		21,722		811,932
Total assets		959,168		27,400		986,568
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		10,513		-		10,513
Accrued liabilities		6,618		-		6,618
Commercial paper, net of discount (Note 7)		36,105		-		36,105
Deposits payable		2,637		-		2,637
Accrued interest payable		695		-		695
Deferred revenue		13		-		13
Revenue bonds - current (Note 7)		5,099		-		5,099
Other Debt (Note 7) Total current liabilities		1,265 62,945		<u>-</u>		1,265 62,945
		02,343				02,343
Non current liabilities:						
Litigation claim (Note 16) Long-term debt: (Note 7)		7,062		-		7,062
Revenue bonds (net of unamortized discount and deferred amount on refunding)		191,509		-		191,509
Other post employment benefits payable (Note 12)		2,746		-		2,746
Other debt		14,583				14,583
Total long-term debt Total non current liabilities		208,838 215,900		-		208,838 215,900
Total liabilities		278,845		<u>-</u>		278,845
NET POSITION (Note 9)						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		553,962		21,721		575,683
Debt service		5,934		-		5,934
State revolving loan requirement		401		-		401
San Felipe operations		3,980		-		3,980
Operating reserves Rate stabilization		12,598 1,539		-		12,598 1,539
State water projects		1,539		- 5,679		5,679
Unrestricted		101,909		-		101,909
Total net position	\$	680,323	\$	27,400	\$	707,723

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

WATER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUNDS OF THE

SANTA CLARA VALLEY WATER DISTRICTStatement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 (Dollars in Thousands)

	E	Water nterprise Fund	State Water Fund	Total
Operating revenues:				
Ground water production charges	\$	62,084	\$ -	\$ 62,084
Treated water charges		92,359	-	92,359
Surface and recycled water revenue		1,275	-	1,275
Operating grants		980	-	980
Other		946	-	946
Total operating revenues		157,644	 	157,644
Operating expenses:				
Sources of supply		47,898	19,305	67,203
Water treatment		30,287	-	30,287
Transmission and distribution:				
Raw water		11,137		11,137
Treated water		1,636		1,636
Administration and general		18,392	-	18,392
Claims and Adjustments		324	-	324
Depreciation and amortization		22,064	944	23,008
Total operating expenses		131,738	20,249	151,987
Operating income (loss)		25,906	(20,249)	5,657
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Property taxes (Note 8)		4,685	19,515	24,200
Investment income (Note 5)		1,163	-	1,163
Rental income		96	-	96
Other		3,397	1,122	4,519
Interest and fiscal agent fees		(8,878)		 (8,878)
Net nonoperating revenues		463	20,637	21,100
Income before capital contributions and transfers		26,369	 388	 26,757
Capital contributions (Note 4)		4,610	-	4,610
Transfers in (Note 15)		3,804		3,804
Transfers out (Note 15)		(75)	 	 (75)
Change in net position		34,708	388	35,096
Net position, beginning of year		645,615	27,012	672,627
Net position, end of year	\$	680,323	\$ 27,400	\$ 707,723

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

WATER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUNDS OF THE

SANTA CLARA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT

Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended June 30, 2013
(Dollars in Thousands)

	E	Water Interprise Fund		State Water Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:						- Otal
Receipts from customers and users	\$	155,349	\$	(412)	\$	154,937
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(56,720)	Ψ	(19,757)	Ψ	(76,477)
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(52,863)		(13,737)		(52,863)
•		, ,		-		, ,
Payments for internal services used		(4,257)		4 400		(4,257)
Other receipts		3,397		1,122		4,519
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		44,906		(19,047)		25,859
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				40 ==0		0.4.000
Property taxes received		4,685		19,553		24,238
Due from other governments		354		-		354
Transfers in from other funds		3,804		-		3,804
Transfers out to other funds		(75)				(75)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		8,768		19,553		28,321
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Principal payments on general obligation bonds		(6,701)		-		(6,701)
Principal payments on other loans		19,162		_		19,162
Capital contributions received		4,610		_		4,610
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid		(8,553)		_		(8,553)
Acquisition of contract water rights		(7,389)		_		(7,389)
·		. ,		-		, ,
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(42,104)				(42,104)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(40,975)				(40,975)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Sale of restricted investments		172		-		172
Rental income received		96		-		96
Interest received on cash and investments		1,163				1,163
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,431		-		1,431
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		14,130		506		14,636
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		116,353		4,727		121,080
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	130,483	\$	5,233	\$	135,716
Cash and cash equivalents are reported on the				·		
Statement of Net Position as follows:						
Cash and investments	\$	130,483	\$	5.233	\$	135,716
Restricted cash and investments	Ψ	6,629	Ψ	5,255	Ψ	6,629
		(6,629)		_		
Less cash and investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents	Ф.		Ф.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(6,629)
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	130,483	\$	5,233	\$	135,716
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	25,906	\$	(20,249)	\$	5,657
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)		•		, , ,	·	,
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		22,065		944		23,009
Other receipts		3,397		1,122		4,519
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		3,337		1,122		4,515
		(102)				(102)
Decrease in deposits and other assets		(183)		(440)		(183)
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable		(1,609)		(412)		(2,021)
Increase in due to due from other funds		(710)		-		(710)
(Increase)/decrease in property tax receivable		24		-		24
Decrease/(increase) in inventory		32		-		32
Decrease in accounts payable		(3,323)		(364)		(3,687)
Increase/(decrease) in accrued liabilities		568		(88)		480
Decrease in deposits payable		186		-		186
Increase in litigation claim		323		-		323
Increase/(decrease) in other post employment benefits & compensated	i	(1,770)		_		(1,770)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	44,906	\$	(19,047)	\$	25,859
The same production (acces) by approximate working		,000	<u> </u>	(10,011)		_3,535
Noncash investing capital and financing activity:						
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activity:	æ	24	æ		¢	24
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$	31	\$	-	\$	31

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

(1) THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

(a) Description of the Reporting Entity

Santa Clara Valley Water District (District) is a special district created by an act of the legislature of the State of California (State) in 1951 and as amended. The District encompasses all of Santa Clara County.

The District is governed by a seven member Board of Directors. Five of the members are elected from the area of each of the five District supervisorial districts and two members are appointed from specific geographic areas by the Board of Supervisors to represent the District at large. The term of office for the directors is four years.

On October 12, 2009, Assembly Bill 466 was signed by the Governor of California revising the composition of the board of the District by requiring the board to transition to an all-elected board that, on or after noon on December 3, 2010, consists of seven directors who are elected pursuant to specified requirements. The board also would be required to adopt a resolution establishing boundaries of the seven electoral districts. On May 14, 2010, the Board of Directors adopted a resolution that officially set the boundaries of the seven electoral districts. In November, 2010, two directors were elected to represent the new electoral districts constituting a new board of seven members. As required by state law, the District must redraw its boundaries to reflect 2010 Census results. On October 11, 2011, the Board of Directors adopted Resolution No. 11-63 selecting the Redistricting Plan, known as the Current Adjusted Map.

The District has broad powers relating to all aspects of flood control and storm waters within the District, whether or not such waters have their sources within the District. It is also authorized to store and distribute water for use within its jurisdictional boundaries and authorized to provide sufficient water for present or future beneficial use of the lands and inhabitants of the District. The District acquires, stores, and distributes water for irrigation, residential, fire protection, municipal, commercial, industrial, and all other uses. The District also directly supports the caring for the environment and the community through careful stewardship.

The Water Utility Enterprise Fund (the "Fund") is a separate enterprise fund of the District that was established to account for the water utility transactions of the District. The Water Utility Enterprise supplies wholesale treated water, ground water, recycled water, and surface water for the residents of the Santa Clara County. The Fund is comprised of two funds – Water Enterprise Fund and State Water Project Fund. The Water Enterprise Fund accounts for ongoing water utility operations and with revenues comprised primarily of charges to the District's groundwater and treated water customers. The State Water Project Fund accounts specifically for state water project tax revenue and state water project contractual costs.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Presentation

Fund Financial Statements

The Water Enterprise Fund and the State Water Project Fund (the Funds) financial statements are prepared in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America. The Funds are included in the District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and therefore, these financial statements do not purport to represent the financial position and changes in financial position of the District as a whole.

The Funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

(b) Basis of Accounting

The Funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, benefit assessments and grants. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes and benefit assessments are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes and assessments are levied; revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied; and revenue from investments is recognized when earned.

For its Fund, the District has elected, under Governmental Accounting Standard's Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements.

The Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Funds is the sale of water to outside customers. Operating expenses for the Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from the exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the Fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal value. Non-operating

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

(c) Cash and Investments

While maintaining safety and liquidity, the District maximizes its investment return by pooling its available cash for investment purposes. Interest earnings are apportioned among funds based upon the average monthly cash balance of each fund and are allocated to each fund on a monthly basis.

The District reported investments in nonparticipating interest earnings contracts (including guaranteed investment contracts) at cost, investments that mature beyond one year from the date of acquisition at fair value, and investments that mature within one year or less from the date of acquisition at amortized cost. The fair value of investments is based on current market prices.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased (including restricted investments), and their equity in the cash and investment pool to be cash equivalents.

(d) Inventory

Inventory consists of materials and supplies held for consumption. The cost of all inventory acquired is recorded as an expense at the time of purchase. At the end of the accounting period, the inventory values of materials and supplies on hand are determined using a current cost method which approximates market value. For financial statement purposes inventories are presented under deposits and other assets.

(e) Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets including assets under capital leases used in operations are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Water treatment facilities	50 Years
Buildings, structures, and trailers	25 – 50 Years
Flood control projects	30 - 100 Years
Dams	80 Years
Office furniture, fixtures, and equipment	5 - 20 Years
Automobiles and trucks	6 - 12 Years
Computer equipment	5 Years

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

(f) Amortization of Contract Water Rights

The District has contracted with the State for water deliveries from the State Water Project through calendar year 2035. A portion of the payments under this contract represent reimbursement of capital costs for transportation facilities (the capital cost component). The Funds capitalize the capital cost component and amortizes such component, using the straight-line method, over the remaining entitlement period.

(g) Amortization of Water Banking Rights

The District has contracted with the Semitropic Water Storage District and its Improvement Districts for the water banking and exchange program. The program is in effect through calendar year 2035. Participation in the program provides the District a 35% allocation for storage rights at the Semitropic Water Storage District facility, totaling 350,000 acre-feet. The Fund has capitalized the cost of the program and amortizes its cost over the 40 year entitlement period using the straight-line method.

(h) Amortization of Water Delivery Rights

The District has contracted with the United States Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation for water deliveries from Central Valley through calendar year 2027. A portion of this contract represents reimbursement of capital costs for general construction in the San Felipe Division facilities. The Fund capitalized the capital cost component and amortizes such component, using the straight-line method, over the remaining entitlement period.

(i) Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from water utility customers as well as amounts due for property taxes and interest on investments. All receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$6,000.

(j) Due from Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments represent amounts due from various government agencies for reimbursement of the District's expenditures/expenses in association with construction projects.

(k) Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave Pay

It is the policy of the District to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

and sick leave benefits. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported as noncurrent liabilities on the statement of net assets.

Maximum vacation accruals may not exceed three times the employee's annual accrual rate, per employee. All regular full-time employees are eligible for twelve (12) days of sick leave per fiscal year. Unused sick leave may be carried forward to the following fiscal year without limitation. Upon termination, up to 480 hours of accrued sick leave shall be paid to the eligible employee at the rate of 50% of the equivalent cash value. Upon resignation with ten or more years of service or upon separation by layoff regardless of service, up to 480 hours of accrued sick leave shall be paid off at the rate of 25% of the cash value.

(I) Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs

The Fund bond discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond discounts. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.

On the statement of net position, the Revenue Bond and Certificate of Participation premiums, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the certificates. Revenue COP payable and Revenue Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.

(m) Encumbrances

The District employs encumbrance accounting as a significant aspect of budgetary control. Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditure of funds are recorded as reservations of net position since they are not treated as current expenses or outstanding liabilities at year end for GAAP financial reporting.

(n) Net Position

The District's fund net position is classified based primarily to the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for expenses, the District expends the restricted funds and then the unrestricted funds.

(o) Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

(p) New Pronouncements

Future Accounting Pronouncements:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) releases new accounting and financial reporting standards which may have a significant impact on the District's financial reporting process. Future new standards which may impact the District include the following:

GASB Statement No. 65 – In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.* This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standard that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This Statement is not effective until June 30, 2014. The District has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 66 – In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections* – 2012 – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, and No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*. This Statement is not effective until June 30, 2014. The District has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 67 – In June 2012, GASB issued Statement 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans* – *an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25.* The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 25, *Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans,* and No. 50, *Pension Disclosures,* as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements No. 25 and No. 50 remain applicable to pension plans that are not administered through trusts covered by the scope of this Statement and to defined contribution plans that provide post-employment benefits other than pensions. This Statement is not effective until June 30, 2014. The District has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 68 – In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27.* The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trust or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not covered by the scope of this

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Statement. This Statement is not effective until June 30, 2015. The District has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 69 – In January 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for government combinations and disposals of government operations. The Statement provides authoritative guidance on a variety of government combinations including mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. This Statement is not effective until June 30, 2015. The District has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 70 – In April 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 70, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Financial Guarantees*. This Statement requires a government that extends a non-exchange financial guarantee to recognize a liability when qualitative factors and historical data, if any, indicate that it is more likely than not that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee. The amount of the liability to be recognized should be the discounted present value of the best estimate of the future outflows related to the guarantee expected to be incurred. Where there is no best estimate but a range of the estimated future inflows can be established, the amount of the liability to be recognized should be the discounted present value of the minimum amount within the range. This Statement is not effective until June 30, 2014. The District has not determined the effect of this Statement.

(3) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Total Fund cash and investments at June 30, 2013 are as follows (in thousands):

Statement of Net Assets:

Cash and investments
Restricted cash and investments

\$ 135,716 6,629 \$ 142,345

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Investments

At June 30, 2013, cash and investments consist of the following (in thousands):

Guaranteed Investment Contracts	\$ 4,745
Money Market Funds	149
US Treasury Notes	399
Mutual Funds	 1,325
Total Investments Held by Fiscal Agent	6,618
Santa Clara County Investment Pool	11
District's Pooled Cash and Investment	135,716
Total cash and investments	\$ 142,345

As of June 30, 2013, the Fund's investment in the Santa Clara County Investment Pool (Pool) is \$11,000 which is restricted for interest and redemption of the 1963 water utility bonds. The Pool has established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the Pool. Participants' equity in the Pool is determined by the dollar amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. The value of the District shares in the Pool is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different than the fair value of the District's position in the Pool. The District's investment in the Pool is stated at fair value, available upon demand and considered a cash equivalent.

Authorized Investments by the District

The District's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the District to invest in the following types of instruments, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the District. The following table also identifies certain provisions of the District and California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address the District's investments of debt proceeds held by fiscal agents that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the Entity's investment policy.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Minimum	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Credit Quality	Portfolio	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	N/A	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues (A)	5 years	N/A	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	AA-	40%	4.8%
Commercial Paper	90 days	AA-	15%	1.8%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	1 year	AA-	30%	3.6% \$100,000 & FDIC
Nonnegotiable Time Certificates of Deposit (B)	1 year	N/A	5%	Membership
Collateralized Repurchase Agreements	30 days	AA-	None	None
Medium Term Notes	3 years	AA-	15%	1.8%
Taxable Municipal Obligations	5 years	AAA	None	12.0%
California Local Agency Investment Fund (C)	N/A	N/A	(B)	(B)
Mutual Funds	N/A	AAA	10%	10.0%
Money Market Account with Union Bank	N/A	N/A	None	12.0%

- (A) Securities issued by agencies of the federal government such as the Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation of America, and the Tennessee Valley Authority.
- (B) District's investment policy is still in process of being revised to match the FDIC limit of \$250,000.
- (C) LAIF will accept no more than \$50 million of an agency's unrestricted funds while placing no constraints on funds.

Restricted Cash and Investments for Bond Interest and Redemption

Under the provisions of the District's revenue bond resolutions and Installment Purchase Agreement for the 2007B Water Utility Revenue Certificates of Participation (COP) and 2006A & 2006B Water Utility Revenue and Refunding Bonds, a portion of the proceeds from these debt issuances is required to be held in custody accounts by a fiscal agent as trustee. As of June 30, 2013, the amount invested in assets held by fiscal agent amounted to \$6.2 million and was equal to or in excess of the amount required at that date. A total of \$424 thousand restricted cash and investment is also held by the fiscal agents for payments of the State Revolving Fund Loan and the 1963 Water Utility Bond.

Restricted Cash and Investments for Capital Projects

The Fund has issued commercial paper to provide for any District purposes, including but not limited to, capital expenditure, investment and reinvestment, and the discharge of any obligation or indebtedness of the District. At June 30, 2013, the balance of unspent commercial paper proceed is \$24,000.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Authorized Investments by Debt Agreements

The District must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the District fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with District ordinances, bond indentures or State statutes. The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

	Maximum	Minimum
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Credit Quality
U.S. Treasury Obligations (A)	N/A	N/A
U.S. Agency Securities (B)	N/A	N/A
State Obligations (C)	N/A	Α
Commercial Paper	270 days	A1
Unsecured CD's, deposit accounts, time		
deposits, bankers acceptances	365 days	A-1
FDIC Insured Deposit (D)	N/A	N/A
Money Market Funds	N/A	AAAm
Collateralized Repurchase Agreements (E)	N/A	A-1
Investment Agreements (F)	N/A	AAA
Investment Approved in Writing by the		
Certificate Insurer (G)	N/A	N/A

- (A) Direct obligations of the United States of America and securities fully and unconditionally guaranteed as to the timely payment of principal and interest by the United States of America, provided, that the full faith and credit of the United States of America must be pledged to any such direct obligation or guarantee.
- (B) Direct obligations and fully guaranteed certificates of beneficial interest of the Export-Import Bank of the United States; consolidated debt obligations and letter of credit-backed issues of the Federal Home Loan Banks; participation certificates and senior debt obligations of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMCs"); debentures of the Federal Housing Administration; mortgage-backed securities (except stripped mortgage securities which are valued greater than par on the portion of unpaid principal) and senior debt obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMAs"); participation certificates of the General Services Administration; guaranteed mortgage-backed securities and guaranteed participation certificates of the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMAs"); guaranteed participation certificates and guaranteed pool certificates of the Small Business Administration; local authority Certificates of the U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development; guaranteed Title XI financings of the U.S. Maritime Administration; guaranteed transit Certificates of the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority; Resolution Funding Corporation securities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

- (C) Direct obligations of any state of the United States of America or any subdivision or agency thereof whose unsecured, uninsured and unguaranteed general obligation debt is rated, at the time of purchase, "A" or better by Moody's and "A" or better by S&P.
- (D) Deposits of any bank or savings and loan association which has combined capital, surplus and undivided profits of not less than \$3 million, provided such deposits are continuously and fully insured by the Bank Insurance Fund or the Savings Association Insurance Fund of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- (E) Repurchase agreements collateralized by Direct Obligations, GNMAs, FNMAs or FHLMCs with any registered broker/dealer subject to the Securities Investors' Protection Corporation jurisdiction or any commercial bank insured by the FDIC, if such broker/dealer or bank has an uninsured, unsecured and unguaranteed obligation rated "P-1" or "A3" or better by Moody's and "A-1" or "A-" or better by S&P, provided: (1) a master repurchase agreement or specific written repurchase agreement governs the transaction; and (2) the securities are held free and clear of any lien by the Trustee or an independent third party acting solely as agent ("Agent") for the Trustee, and such third party is (i) a Federal Reserve Bank, or (ii) a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and which has combined capital, surplus and undivided profits of not less than \$50 million or (iii) a bank approved in writing for such purpose by the Certificate Insurer, and the Trustee shall have received written confirmation from such third party that it holds such securities, free and clear of any lien, as agent for the Trustee; and (3) a perfected first security interest under the Uniform Commercial Code, or book entry procedures prescribed at 31 C.F.R. 306.1 et seq. or 31 C.F.R. 350.0 et seg. if such securities is created for the benefit of the Trustee; and (4) the repurchase agreement has a term of 180 days or less, and the Trustee or the agent will value the collateral securities no less frequently than weekly and will liquidate the collateral securities if any deficiency in the required collateral percentage is not restored within two business days of such valuation; and (5) the fair market value of the securities in relation to the amount of the repurchase obligation, including principal and interest, is equal to at least 103%.
- (F) Investment agreements, guaranteed investment contracts, funding agreement, or any other form of corporate note representing the unconditional obligations of entities or agencies with the unsecured long-term debt obligations or claims-paying ability rated in one of the top two rating categories by Moody's and S&P.
- (G) Any investment approved in writing by the Certificate Insurer.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District generally manages its own interest rate risk by holding investments to maturity.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution to the District's investments by maturity or earliest call date (in thousands):

	Total	12 Months or less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 60 Months	More than 60 Months
U.S. Government Agencies	\$ 294,751	\$ 125,659	\$ 79,145	\$ 89,947	\$ -
U.S. Government Agencies - Callable	66,128	-	7,594	58,534	-
U.S. Treasury Obligations	20,461	-	-	20,062	399
Medium Term Notes	9,108	-	-	9,108	-
Local Agency Investment Fund	66,552	66,552	-	-	-
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	4,745	-	-	-	4,745
Santa Clara County Investment Pool	11	11	-	-	-
Mutual Funds	39,055	39,055	-	-	-
Money Market Funds	454	454			
Total Investments	\$ 501,265	\$ 231,731	\$ 86,739	\$ 177,651	\$ 5,144
Fund's Investment in District's Pooled Cash and Investment	\$ 135,716				

Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements and the actual rating as of June 30, 2013 for each investment type as provided by Standard and Poor's (in thousands):

			Minimum	Exempt		Ratin	g as of Year-en	d	
			Legal	from					Not
		Total	Rating	Disclosure		AAA	AA+	AA	Rated
U.S. Government Agencies	\$	360,879	AA-	\$ -	\$	- 9	360,879	s -	\$ -
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Ψ	20,461	N/A	20,461	Ψ	- "	-	_	-
Medium Term Notes		9,108	AA-	,		3,124	_	5,984	-
Local Agency Investment Fund		66,552	N/A	-		-,	-	-	66,552
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		4,745	N/A	-		-	-	-	4,745
Santa Clara County Investment Pool		11	N/A	-		-	-	-	11
Mutual Funds		39,055	AAA	-		39,055	-	-	-
Money Market Funds		454	N/A			-	-	-	454
Total Investments	\$	501,265		\$ 20,461	\$	42,179 \$	360,879	5,984	\$ 71,762
Fund's Investment in District's Pooled Cash and Investment	\$	135,716							

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy regarding the amount that can be invested in any one issuer is stipulated by the California Government Code. However, the District is required to disclose investments that represent a concentration of five percent or more of investments in any one issuer, held by individual District Funds in the securities of issuers other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds and external investments pools.

At June 30, 2013, those investments consisted of (in thousands):

Issuer	Investment Type	Reported Amount
District-Wide		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	U.S. Government Agency	\$84,128
Federal National Mortgage Association	U.S. Government Agency	145,941
Federal Home Loan Bank	U.S. Government Agency	88,980
Federal Farm Credit Bank	U.S. Government Agency	41,830
Fund Level		
FSA Capital Managagement Services LLC	Guaranteed Investment Contract	4,745

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Under California Government Code Section 53651, depending on specific types of eligible securities, a bank must deposit eligible securities posted as collateral with its Agent having a fair value of 105% to 150% of the District's cash on deposit. All of the District's deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized with pledged securities held in the trust department of the financial institutions in the District's name.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

(4) REIMBURSEMENT OF CAPITAL COSTS

The Funds derive certain revenues from reimbursements of capital costs by local, state, federal agencies and other outside sources. The following is a summary of such reimbursements in fiscal year 2012-13 (in thousands):

<u>Agencies</u>	<u>Amoun</u> t
State Department of Water Resources	\$ 3,889
San Benito County Water District	 721
Total	\$ 4,610

(5) INVESTMENT INCOME

The District earns income from the investment of cash not required for current expenditures. Beginning after June 15, 1997, the Governmental Accounting Standard Board issued GASB pronouncement number 31 to establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments. One provision of this standard was to report investments at fair value in the balance sheets. Because of this requirement, investment income must be adjusted upwards or downwards to reflect the fair value change from one fiscal year to the next fiscal year. In making the adjustment, the investment income earned directly by the investments is modified.

The following represents the investment income as reported in the financial statements, the current year GASB 31 fair value adjustment, and the unadjusted investment income at June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

		FY 2013	Interest
	Interest	GASB 31	Earned
	as	Fair Value	Before
	Reported	Adjustment	Adjustment
Water Enterprise	1,163	(676)	1,839

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

(6) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

	Balance			Transfers /	Balance	
	July 1, 2012	Additions	Deletions	Reclassed	June 30, 2013	
Nondepreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 17,594	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,594	
Construction in progress	294,648	41,849		(24,957)	311,540	
Total nondepreciable capital assets	312,242	41,849		(24,957)	329,134	
Depreciable capital assets:						
Contract water and storage rights	157,674	7,389	-	-	165,063	
Buildings	2,992	-	-	-	2,992	
Structures and improvements	613,468	-	-	24,957	638,425	
Equipment	21,672	286	(96)		21,862	
Total depreciable capital assets	795,806	7,675	(96)	24,957	828,342	
Less accumulated depreciation and ar	nortization					
Contract water and storage rights	(99,802)	(9,812)	-	-	(109,614)	
Buildings	(233)	(60)	-	-	(293)	
Structures and improvements	(208,302)	(11,698)	-	-	(220,000)	
Equipment:	(14,263)	(1,438)	64		(15,637)	
Total accumulated depreciation						
and amortization	(322,600)	(23,008)	64		(345,544)	
Net depreciable capital assets	473,206	(15,333)	(32)	24,957	482,798	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 785,448	\$ 26,516	\$ (32)	\$ -	\$ 811,932	

During fiscal year 2012-13, new construction in progress increased in the Fund by \$16.9 million. Forty-four projects were in progress during the fiscal year with the major projects listed below (in millions):

- Silicon Valley Advanced Water Purification Center \$13.8
- Water Protection Project \$4.5
- Pipeline Rehabilitation \$4.1
- Anderson Dam Seismic Retrofit \$4.0
- Pacheco Pumping Plant Adjustable Speed Drives Replacement \$2.5
- Rinconada Water Treatment Plant Reliability Improvement \$2.2
- Rinconada Water Treatment Plant Renewal Program Residual Management \$1.9
- Penitencia Water Treatment Plant Maintenance Building \$1.5
- South County Recycled Water Pipeline \$1.3

Depreciation expense was charged to projects of the Fund as follows (in thousands):

Total depreciation and amortization expenses

\$23,008

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

(7) SHORT-TERM AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

(a) Short-term debt

On December 17, 2002, the District Board of Directors authorized a commercial paper program for financing primarily Water Utility capital expenditures. The commercial paper program allows the District to finance capital expenditures while taking advantage of short term rates. This program will be used in conjunction with issuing long-term liabilities to obtain the least cost financing for the District.

On May 15, 2012, the District Board of Directors authorized the execution and delivery of certain agreements in connection with the District's commercial paper program in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$100 million. The proceeds of the commercial paper may be used for any District purposes, including but not limited to, capital expenditure, investment and re-investment, and the discharge of any obligation or indebtedness of the District.

As of June 30, 2013, the outstanding non-taxable commercial paper issued was \$26.5 million with an interest rate of 0.14% to 0.16%, maturing on September 5, 2013, while the outstanding taxable commercial paper was \$9.6 million with interest rate of 0.18%, maturing on September 5, 2013. The new maturity date of both the taxable and non-taxable commercial papers is December 4, 2013, with interest rate of 0.10% to 0.15%.

The District's short-term outstanding consists of the following, as of June 30, 2013 (in million):

	<u>Authorized</u>	<u>Issued</u>	<u>Available</u>
Commercial Paper Program	\$100	\$36.1	\$63.9

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

(b) Long-term liabilities

The long-term liabilities outstanding consisted of the following (in thousands):

Type of indebtedness	Maturity	Interest Rates	Authorized and Issued	June 30, 2013	Due Within One Year
2006A Water revenue bond	2035	3.5% - 5%	\$ 74,265	\$ 61,610	\$ 2,135
2006B Water revenue bond 2007A Water revenue COP bond	2035 2037	5.15%-5.31% 4% - 5.0%	25,570 77,270	22,275 71,650	600 1,580
2007A Water revenue COP bond	2037	5.50%-floating	•	48,245	1,120
Bond discount		3	,	(791)	(38)
Deferred amount on refunding				(2,196)	(123)
Deferrend interest rate swap				(6,726)	(281)
Premium on debt issuance				2,541	106
Compensated absences				4,631	986
Other post employment benefits				2,746	-
Semitropic water banking agreement	2035		46,900	6,045	-
State revolving fund loan	2027		6,350	5,172	279
Litigation claim				7,062	
Total Fund debt				\$222,264	\$ 6,364

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Balance 7/1/2012		Additions Redu		ductions		Balance 6/30/2013		Due Withn One Year	
2006A revenue bonds	\$	63,665	\$	-	\$	(2,055)	\$	61,610	\$	2,135
2006B revenue bonds		22,850		-		(575)		22,275		600
2007A COP revenue bonds		73,155		-		(1,505)		71,650		1,580
2007B COP revenue bonds		50,810		-		(2,565)		48,245		1,120
Bond discount on refunding		(829)		-		38		(791)		(38)
Deferred amount on refunding		(2,319)		-		123	123 (2,	(2,196)		(123)
Deferred interest rate swap		(7,007)				281		(6,726)		(281)
Premium on debt issuance		2,648		-		(107)		2,541		106
Compensated absences		4,722		3,783		(3,874)		4,631		986
Other post employment benefits		4,425		-		(1,679)		2,746		-
Semitropic water banking agreement		6,045		-		-		6,045		-
State revolving fund loan		5,445		-		(273)		5,172		279
Litigation claim		6,738		324		<u>-</u>		7,062		
Total Fund debt	\$	230,348	\$	4,107	\$	(12,191)	\$	222,264	\$	6,364

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

The aggregate maturities of long-term debt are as follows (in thousands):

		Interest and
Year Ending June 30:	Principal	amortization
2014	\$ 5,714	\$ 10,567
2015	5,971	10,313
2016	6,268	10,021
2017	6,565	9,717
2018	6,877	9,406
2019 - 2023	39,656	41,758
2024 - 2028	49,823	31,565
2029 - 2033	52,893	18,763
2034 - 2037	35,185_	5,487
Total requirements	208,952	\$ 147,597
Add: unamortized premium on issuance	2,541	
Less: unamortized discount and		
deferred amount on refunding	(2,987)	
Less: deferred interest swap	(6,726)	
Add: compensated absences	4,631	
Add: other post employment		
benefits	2,746	
Add: semitropic water banking		
agreement	6,045	
-		
Add: litigation claim	7,062	
-		
Total principal outstanding at June 30, 2013	\$ 222,264	
•		

The following provides a brief description of the Fund's debt outstanding as of June 30, 2013:

2006 A/B Water Enterprise Revenue Bonds

In December 2006, the District issued \$99,835,000 of Water Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A and Taxable Series 2006B. The proceeds of \$57,415,000 of the 2006A and 2006B Bonds were used to refinance \$55,265,000 of the remaining 2000A and

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

2000B and the proceeds of \$42,420,000 of 2006A and 2006B Bonds were used to repay approximately \$40.9 million of commercial paper notes. The District funded the 2006A Debt Service Reserve Fund with proceeds of the 2000A Debt Service Reserve Fund and purchased a surety bond to fund the 2006B Debt Service Reserve Fund. Additionally, the District used funds accumulated in the 2000A and 2000B Debt Service Reserve Funds, and other 2000A and 2000B Bonds accounts to reduce the size of the 2006A and 2006B Bonds issuance. As a result, the 2000A and 2000B Bonds are considered defeased and the liabilities have been removed from the Statement of Net Position. The District has pledged its net water utility revenues to secure the semi-annual debt service payments.

The 2006A Debt Service Reserve Fund is invested in an Investment Agreement by and between FSA Capital Management Services LLC (FSA) and U.S. Bank National Association (US Bank) as Fiscal Agent dated as of May 3, 2007. On January 22, 2013, FSA was downgraded by Moody's to A2. Pursuant to the provisions of the Investment Agreement, FSA delivered collateral with a par value of \$5.5 million to Wells Fargo Bank National Association, and entered into a Third Party Custodian Agreement executed on March 18, 2013 among US Bank (Fiscal Agent), FSA (Provider) and Wells Fargo Bank (the Custodian).

2007 A/B Water Enterprise Revenue Certificates of Participation

In October 2007, the District issued \$131,000,000 of Water Utility Revenue Certificates of Participation Bonds, Series 2007A and Taxable Series 2007B. The proceeds of the 2007A and 2007B bonds will be used to finance capital construction projects in the Water Utility Enterprise. The District funded the 2007A Debt Reserve Fund by purchasing a surety. The 2007A issuance was \$77,270,000 fixed rate bonds with a 30 year maturity. The 2007B issuance of \$53,730,000 are floating rate notes based on the three month LIBOR rate plus 32 basis points with a 30 year maturity. The District has pledged its net water utility revenues to secure the semi-annual debt service payments for the 2007A issuance and quarterly debt service payments for the 2007B issuance.

The District entered into two interest rate locks in anticipation of the issuance of the 2007 Series A and B. The interest rate locks successfully locked in the interest rate the District had been projecting in its water rate financing models on a net present value basis. The interest rate locks were terminated at the time of bonds issuance in which the District paid the counterparties a termination fee in the amount of \$8.5 million.

Semitropic Water Banking Agreement

In December 1995, the Santa Clara Valley Water District entered into a water banking and exchange program with Semitropic Water Storage District and its Improvement Districts that entitles the District to storage, withdrawal, and exchange rights for the District's State Water Project supplies. The Santa Clara Valley Water District's share of the total program capital costs is \$46.9 million based on a 35 percent vesting in the program. The District pays the program capital costs when storing and recovering water. At June 30, 2013, the District has paid \$40.9 million towards the obligation of this agreement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

State Revolving Fund Loan

In November 2004, the District entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Department of Water Resources, on behalf of State of California Department of Health Services, under the Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Law of 1997 for \$6.3 million. The loan was used to fund the construction of filter-to-waste and wash water clarification projects at the Santa Teresa Water Treatment Plant. At June 30, 2013, the District has paid \$1.2 million towards the principal balance of this obligation.

Litigation Claim

In fiscal year 2009, the District recorded a liability of \$5.9 million, which was the potential judgment amount from the tentative ruling on the case Great Oaks Water Company vs. Santa Clara Valley Water District. On February 3, 2010, the judge issued Judgment After Trial and ordered the District to pay Great Oaks Water Company \$5.9 million plus post judgment interest of \$886.62 per day. The District recorded post judgment interest of \$160 thousand in fiscal year 2009-10, \$324 thousand in fiscal year 2010-11, \$325 thousand in fiscal year 2011-12 and \$324 thousand in fiscal year 2012-13. Additional information regarding this litigation is disclosed in Note 17 (a), Contingencies.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are paid out of the general fund as an employee benefit expense in the year the expense is realized. Prior to fiscal year 2009, all funds reimbursed the general fund on a pro-rata basis of salary expense cost for the payment of these payouts at the end of each year and the funds were held in the reserve as designated for compensated absences. On June 24, 2008, the Board authorized the transfer of \$17.7 million from the compensated absences reserve to a trust fund to prefund other post employment benefits. Effective fiscal year 2008, the compensated absences liability for the year has been recognized in the District's enterprise funds.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The District provides post-employment healthcare benefits to retired employees and/or their surviving spouses in accordance with negotiated memoranda of understanding with employee groups and adoption by the Board of Directors. The District implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployement Benefits Other than Pensions* during fiscal year 2007-08. OPEB expense and obligation are recognized in the proprietary funds in full accrual basis while governmental funds are in modified accrual basis. OPEB expense and obligation reported in government wide financial statements are recognized in full accrual basis. Additional information on OPEB is disclosed in Note 12, Post-Employment Benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Compliance with Bond Covenants

Resolutions associated with the District's bonds and certificates of participation contain a number of covenants, limitations, and restrictions. The District believes it is in compliance with all significant covenants, limitations, and restrictions.

(8) PROPERTY TAXES AND BENEFIT ASSESSMENTS

The Funds derive certain revenues from the assessment of property tax parcel levies. The property tax levy is composed of three categories: (1) a 1 percent tax allocation; (2) voter approved levy to service the 1963 Water General Obligation bonds (G.O. bonds); and (3) voter approved levy to repay capital and operating costs related to imported water from the State Water Project.

Property tax revenues recorded for the year ended June 30, 2013 are as follow (in thousands):

	Water Enterprise Fund			
Property taxes:				
1% tax allocation	\$	4,678		
Voter approved indebtedness:				
State water		19,515		
G.O. bonds		7		
Total property taxes	\$	24,200		

The County is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for the District. The amount of property tax levies is restricted by Article 13A of the California State Constitution (commonly referred to as Proposition 13). The District is responsible for determining the amount of benefit assessment, special parcel tax, and State Water Project Debt Service. Secured property taxes and benefit assessments are each payable in equal installments, November 1 and February 1, and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Property taxes are accounted for as collected and remitted by the District within the governmental fund revenues. The proprietary fund records property taxes as they are levied. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the March 1 lien date and become delinquent if still unpaid on August 31.

The District has elected to participate in the "Teeter Plan" offered by the County whereby the District receives 100 percent of secured property and supplemental property taxes levied in exchange for foregoing any interest and penalties collected on the related delinquent taxes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

(9) NET POSITION

The Funds financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position are categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

Net Investment In Capital Assets - This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted Net Position – This category represents amounts that are subject to limitations imposed by either a) creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments, or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents net assets of the District not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Below is the detailed schedule of the Funds' net position as of June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

	Water Enterprise Fund		State Projects Fund		Total
Restricted Net Assets					
Debt Service	\$	5,934	\$	-	\$ 5,934
State Revolving Fund Loan Requirement		401		-	401
San Felipe Emergency Reserve		3,980		-	3,980
Operating Reserve		12,598		-	12,598
Rate Stabilization		1,539		-	1,539
State Water Projects		-		2,737	2,737
Encumbrances		-		2,942	2,942
Total restricted net position		24,452		5,679	30,131
Unrestricted Net Position					
Operating & Capital Contingencies		24,285		-	24,285
Currently Authorized Projects		23,614		-	23,614
Floating Rate Debt Payment Stabilization		462		-	462
Supplemental Water Supply		3,126		-	3,126
Encumbrances		50,422			 50,422
Total unrestricted net position		101,909			101,909
Net investment in capital assets		553,962		21,721	 575,683
Net Position		680,323	\$	27,400	\$ 707,723

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

(10) EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

All permanent employees are eligible to participate in the miscellaneous plan with the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries based on member's years of service, age and final compensation. District employees vest after five years of service and are eligible to receive retirement benefits at age fifty. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and District's ordinance. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Funding Status and Progress

District employees are required to contribute 8.0 percent of their annual covered salary to CalPERS. The District makes the contributions required of District employees on their behalf and for their account. The District is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for the District for fiscal year 2012-13 was 16.694 percent with one-time adjusted rate of 16.071 percent for the period of January 1, 2013 to June 30, 2013.

In January 2003, the District amended its contract with CalPERS to include the enhanced retirement formula of 2.5 percent at 55. In December, 2011, the District and its bargaining units agreed on new three-year Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2014. The current MOUs implemented a contract amendment with CALPERS to add a second-tier retirement formula of 2.0 percent at 60. District employees hired on or after March 19, 2012 are covered under this formula with a required contribution of 7.0 percent of their annual covered salary to CALPERS. Under the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), District employees hired after January 1, 2013 will have a third tier retirement formula of 2.0 percent at 62 and they are required to contribute 6.75 percent of their annual covered salary to CALPERS. In addition, the current MOUs require all District employees to contributed 3.0 percent of their salary to reimburse the District's annual required employer contribution. The contribution requirements of plan members are established by State statute and employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by CalPERS.

Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2012-13, the District's annual pension cost of \$12,611,256 for CalPERS was equal to the District's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

determined as part of the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method with the contributions determined as a percent of pay. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected annual salary increases that vary by duration of service. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.0 percent. The actuarial value of CalPERS assets was determined using a technique that smoothes the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period. Initial unfunded liabilities are amortized over a closed period that depends on the plan's date of entry into CalPERS. Subsequent plan amendments are amortized as a level percentage of pay over a closed 20-year period. All annual pension costs are paid upon receipt of invoices.

THREE-YEAR TREND INFORMATION FOR CalPERS

(Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal	Annual	Pension Cost	Percentage of	Net Pension		
Year	(APC)		APC Contributed	Obligation		
6/30/2011	\$	11,325	100%	\$	-	
6/30/2012		14,379	100%		-	
6/30/2013		12,611	100%		-	

FUNDED STATUS OF PLAN

(Dollars in Thousands)

						Unfunded
						(Overfunded)
						Actuarial
	Entry Age		Unfunded			Accrued
Actuarial	Normal	Actuarial	Liability/		Annual	Liability
Valuation	Accrued	Value of	(Excess	Funded	Covered	As a %
Date	Liability Assets		Assets)	Assets) Ratio		of Payroll
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)	(b)/(a)	(c)	[(a)-(b)]/(c)
6/30/2009	458,952	375,014	83,938	81.7%	81,324	103.2%
6/30/2010	487,009	400,422	86,587	82.2%	81,624	106.1%
6/30/2011	528,826	429,944	98,882	81.3%	80,604	122.7%

(11) POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides post-employment health care benefits, in accordance with negotiated memoranda of understanding with employee groups and adoption by the Board of Directors, for retired employees and/or their surviving spouses, and to certain employees who retire due to disability who meet the eligibility requirements and elect the option. The District must the employee's last CALPERS employer, and the retiree must be receiving a monthly CALPERS retirement pay. As of June 30, 2013, there were 380 retirees and surviving spouses receiving these health care benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Hire/Retirement Date	Eligibility Rule (Years of Continuous Service)	District's Required Contribution
	Retired prior to July 1, 1988		Fixed amount of \$165 per month
	Retired from July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1990	10 years	100% medical premium for retiree
	Retired from July 1, 1990 or later and hired prior to	10 years	100% medical premium for retiree
Classified	December 31, 2006	15 years	100% medical premium for retiree plus one eligible dependent
Employee Association (AFSCME – Local 101) Engineers Society (IFPTE-Local 21) Professional Managers Association	Retired from July 1, 1990 or later and hired between December 31, 2006 and March 1, 2007	10 years 15 years	Retiree is covered for medical. Medical premium cost sharing is required with the same contribution percentage as active employees and based on medical premium applicable to active employees or retirees, whichever is less. Retiree plus one eligible dependent are covered for medical. Medical premium cost sharing is required with the same contribution percentage as active employees and based on medical premium applicable to active employees or retirees, whichever is
(IFPTE – Local 21)	Hired on or after March 1, 2007	15 years	Retiree is covered for medical. Medical premium cost sharing is required with the same contribution percentage as active employees and based on medical premium applicable to active employees or retirees, whichever is less.
		20 years	Retiree plus one eligible dependent are covered for medical. Medical premium cost sharing is required with the same contribution percentage as active employees and based on medical premium applicable to active employees or retirees, whichever is less

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Hire/Retirement Date	Eligibility Rule (Years of Continuous Service)	District's Required Contribution
	Retired prior to July 1, 1988		Fixed amount of \$165 per month
	Retired from July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1990	10 years	100% medical premium for retiree
	Retired from July 1, 1990	10 years	100% medical premium for retiree
	through June 18, 1995	15 years	100% medical premium for retiree plus one eligible dependent
Unclassified	Retired from June 19, 1995 through October	10 years	100% medical premium for retiree
At Will	21, 1996	15 years	100% medical premium for retiree plus one eligible dependent
		25 years	100% medical, dental, and vision coverages for the retiree plus two or more eligible dependents
	Retired from October 22,	10 years	100% medical premium for retiree
	1996 or later and hired prior to December 30, 2006	15 years	100% medical, dental, and vision coverages for the retiree plus one eligible dependent
		25 years	100% medical, dental, and vision coverages for the retiree plus two or more eligible dependents
	Hired on or after December 30, 2006 and prior to March 1, 2007	10 years	Medical coverage is provided for retiree. Medical premium cost sharing is required with the same contribution percentage as active employees and based on the medical premium amount applicable to active employees or retirees, whichever is less.
		15 years	Medical, dental, and vision coverages are provided for retiree and one eligible dependent. Medical premium

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Hire/Retirement Date	Eligibility Rule (Years of Continuous Service)	District's Required Contribution		
	Hired on or after December 30, 2006 and prior to March 1, 2007	15 years (con't)	cost sharing is required with the same contribution percentage as active employees and based on the medical premium amount applicable to active employees or retirees, whichever is less.		
Unclassified At Will		25 years	Medical, dental, and vision coverages are provided for retiree plus two or more eligible dependents. Medical premium cost sharing is required with the same contribution percentage as active employees and based on the medical premium amount applicable to active employees or retirees, whichever is less.		
	Hired on or after March 1, 2007	15 years	Retiree is covered for medical. Medical premium cost sharing is required with the same contribution percentage as active employees and based on medical premium applicable to active employees or retirees, whichever is less.		
		20 years	Retiree plus one eligible dependent are covered for medical. Medical premium cost sharing is required with the same contribution percentage as active employees and based on medical premium applicable to active employees or retirees, whichever is less.		

As of August 1, 2007, all current retirees not yet 65 years of age and Medicare eligible and all future retirees who are Medicare eligible must enroll themselves in Medicare when they reach the eligibility date for Medicare. Their Medicare eligible dependents, who are enrolled in the District's health plan, must also enroll in Medicare upon their eligibility date. The District reimburses the ongoing Medicare Part B cost incurred by the retiree and/or dependent payable quarterly.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

After an evaluation of the cost savings realized in implementing the Medicare enrollment plan since August 2007, the District decided to expand the Medicare enrollment requirement to all retirees and their eligible dependents that are enrolled in the District's medical plan. As of July 1, 2009, all Medicare eligible retirees and their eligible dependents were required to enroll in Medicare. The District reimburses the Medicare Part B penalty charged by the Social Security Administration to the retirees/dependents due to late enrollment.

The District provides the unclassified group of retiree \$50,000 life insurance upon retirement with a five-year phase out in declining increments of \$10,000 per year after retirement.

During fiscal year 2007-08, the District implemented the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers of Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions.* This Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and financial reporting for employers providing postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). The provisions of this Statement are implemented prospectively and do not affect prior year's financial statements.

On June 24, 2008, the District's Board of Directors adopted a resolution approving the agreement and election of the District to prefund OPEB through CalPERS under its California Employer's Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) Program. On September 9, 2008, the District joined CERBT, an agent multiple-employer plan consisting of an aggregation of single-employer plans. The CERBT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained from the California Employees' Retirement System, P. O. Box 942703, Sacramento, CA 94229-2703.

Funding Policy

The District's policy is to prefund these benefits as part of its multi-year financial planning strategy. On June 24, 2008, the Board of Directors approved the reallocation of \$17.7 million from its existing reserve for the initial prefunding of the unfunded liability for the first year of reporting. Subsequent years' funding, pursuant to the annual budget approved by the Board of Directors, would be phased in to gradually reach full funding by the sixth year in order to limit its immediate impact on groundwater charge increases and the funding of core services within limited available revenues.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), and the amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for fiscal year 2012-13, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 10,964,500
Interest on net OPEB obligation	833,400
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(717,100)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	11,080,800
Contributions made – FY13 cost \$(11,87)	2,984)
Contributions made – FY12 accrual (1,999)	9,641)
Contributions made – Prior years' unfunded ARC (1,470	<u>),684)</u>
Total Contributions made in FY13	(15,343,219)
Increase (decrease) in Net OPEB obligation	(4,262,419)
Net OPEB obligation, June 30, 2012	11,328,192
Net OPEB obligation, June 30, 2013	<u>\$ 7,065,773</u>

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

								Fund
Fiscal Year		Aı	nnual OPEB		Annual OPEB		OPEB	OPEB
	Ended	Cost		C	Cost Contributed		Obligation	 Obligation
	6/30/2011	\$	13,930,369		73.03%	\$	9,927,690	 3,871,707
	6/30/2012		11,095,000		87.38%		11,328,192	4,425,137
	6/30/2013		11,080,800		138.47%		7,065,773	2,745,838

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2011, the latest valuation date, the funded status of the OPEB plan was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 156,061,200
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 32,273,200
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 123,788,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	21.0%
Covered payroll	\$ 81,761,500
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	151.0%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made in the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation used the Entry Age Normal (EAN) cost method. The actuarial assumptions included a discount rate of 7.5% and a 3.25% inflation rate. Healthcare cost trend rates ranged from an initial rate range of 8% to 4.5 percent. The unfunded liability is being amortized as a percent of payroll over 30 years on a closed basis. The remaining years in amortization period at June 30, 2013 was 25 years.

(12) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District reports all of its risk management activities in its Risk Management Internal Service Fund.

The District's deductibles and maximum coverage are as follows (in thousands):

		Commercial
		Insurance
Coverage Descriptions	<u>Deductibles</u>	<u>Coverage</u>
General liability	\$2,000	\$50,000
Workers' compensation	1,000	Statutory
Property damage (subject to policy sub-limits)	50	250,000
Fidelity (Crime) - Directors	5	1,000
Fidelity (Crime) – Non-Directors	10	2,000
Non-owned aircraft liability	-	5,000
Boiler and machinery	50	100,000

Claims expenses and liabilities are reported for self-insured deductibles when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported, allocated and unallocated claims adjustment expenses and incremental claim expense. Claim liabilities are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. At June 30, 2013, the liability for self-

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

insurance claims was \$6,679,000. This liability is the District's best estimate based on available information. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Changes in the reported liability since June 30, 2011 are as follows (in thousands):

G	eneral	W	orkers'			
Liability		Com	Compensation		Total	
\$	2,431	\$	4,388	\$	6,819	
	(339)		221		(118)	
	(233)		(338)		(571)	
	1,859		4,271		6,130	
,						
	1,273		(210)		1,063	
	(221)		(293)		(514)	
\$	2,911	\$	3,768	\$	6,679	
	L	\$ 2,431 (339) (233) 1,859 1,273 (221)	Liability Com \$ 2,431 \$ (339) (233) 1,859 1,273 (221)	Liability Compensation \$ 2,431 \$ 4,388 (339) 221 (233) (338) 1,859 4,271 1,273 (210) (221) (293)	Liability Compensation \$ 2,431 \$ 4,388 (339) 221 (233) (338) 1,859 4,271 1,273 (210) (221) (293)	

The total claims payable in the amount of \$6.68 million is recorded in the District's Risk Management Internal Service Fund under current liabilities – claims payable (\$476 thousand) and non-current liabilities – claims payable (\$6,203 thousand). No portion of this amount is recorded in the Water Utility Enterprise Fund.

(13) DUE TO AND FROM OTHER FUNDS

The summary of current due to/from other funds, as of June 30, 2013, follows (in thousands):

			Due Within
Due to other funds	Due from other funds	<u>Amount</u>	one year
General Fund	Water Utility Enterprise Fund	<u>\$ 1,699</u>	<u>\$ 1,699</u>

(14) TRANSFERS IN AND OUT

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) move receipts to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and 3) move debt proceeds held in the construction fund to the funds incurring the construction expense.

In the year ended June 30, 2013, the Fund received \$3.8 million for the Open Space credit on property tax receipts.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Interfund transfer for the year ended June 30, 2013, is as follows (in thousands):

Fund Receiving Transfers	Fund Making Transfers	mount nsferred
Water Utility Enterprise Fund Water Utility Enterprise Fund	General Fund Watershed & Stream Stewardship	\$ 1,902 1,902
Total		\$ 3,804

(15) COMMITMENTS

(a) Contract and Purchase Commitments

As of June 30, 2013, the Fund had open purchase commitments of approximately \$53.4 million related to new or existing contracts and agreements. These encumbrances represent commitments for the expenditure of funds and do not represent expenditures or liabilities.

(b) San Felipe Project Water Deliveries

The District has contracted with the U.S. Department of the Interior for water deliveries from the Central Valley Project through the San Felipe Division. The contract requires the District to operate and maintain Reach 1, Reach 2, and Reach 3 of the facilities.

During fiscal year 2006-07, the District amended this contract. The amended contract provided for compliance with the Central Valley Project Improvement Act and converted the repayment of the San Felipe Division facilities from a water service contract to a repayment contract with fixed semi-annual payments. The semi-annual payments for January 2007 through July 2016 are \$7,466,867. The amended contract preserved the attributes of a water service contract for other Central Valley Project costs.

The estimated commitment for the payment of allocated capital and capital interest charges of the contracted water service component as of September 30, 2011 was \$26,775,130. The total commitment, including applicable interest, of the repayment contract was \$439,261,342. The remaining commitment as of June 30, 2013 was \$342,192,074.

(c) Participation Rights in Storage Facilities

In December 1995, the District entered into a water banking and exchange program with Semitropic Water Storage District and its Improvement Districts that entitles the District to storage, withdrawal, and exchange rights for the District's State Water Project supplies. The District's share of the total program capital costs is \$46.9 million based on a 35 percent vesting in the program. The District pays the program capital costs when storing and recovering Tier 1 water. The agreement terminates in December 2035.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

The District pays the program capital costs when storing and recovering Tier 1 water. As of June 30, 2013, the District has paid \$40.9 million towards the obligation of this agreement. During the first 10 years the District has a reservation for the full 35 percent allocation; by January 1, 2006, if the District's contributions towards the program capital costs did not equal \$46.9 million, the District's permanent storage allocation will be reduced. The District decided to utilize its total allowable storage rights at 35 percent on January 1, 2006.

The District currently has a storage allocation of 350,000 acre-feet. As of June 30, 2013, the District has 291,283 acre-feet of water in storage. The participation rights are amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the agreement. Amortization of \$20,518,750 has been recorded through fiscal year 2013.

(16) CONTINGENCIES

(a) Litigation

As a public entity and due to its size and its activities, at virtually all times, the District is a defendant, co-defendant, or cross-defendant in various court cases in which money damages are sought. The largest case in which the District is involved in currently is Great Oaks Water Company v. Santa Clara Valley Water District.

On February 3, 2010, the Honorable Kevin Murphy issued Judgment After Trial and decided that the District owes Great Oaks Water Company a refund of groundwater charges in the amount of \$4,623,096 plus interest at 7% per annum. The award of pre-judgment interest as of December 1, 2009 amounts to \$1,285,524. Judge Murphy also awarded post-judgment interest at the rate of \$886.62 per day until the date of the entry of judgment. Judge Murphy also decided that the District owes Great Oaks Water Company damages in the amount of \$1,306,830. Recovery of this damages amount is in the alternative to the award of refund described above, and is not subject to application of any interest.

The District does not believe that the decision regarding its 2005-06 groundwater production charges is supported by the record. The District has timely appealed the trial court's decision and a decision by the Sixth District Court of Appeal is anticipated in 2014.

In accordance with the requirements of *GASB Statement No. 62*, the District has recorded a liability in the amount of \$5.93 million, which includes the Judgment AfterTrial decision amount plus interest in fiscal year 2008-09. The District recorded \$160 thousand in fiscal year 2009-10, \$324 thousand in fiscal year 2010-11, \$325 thousand in fiscal year 2011-12, and \$324 thousand in fiscal year 2012-13 as liability for the post-judgment interest from January 1, 2010 through June 30, 2013 at the rate of \$886.62 per day. The accrual was presented under the caption "Litigation Claim" in the Statement of Net Position, and "Claims and Adjustments" in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

Other than the case noted above, the outcome of other lawsuits is not presently determinable. Counsel for the District has indicated that material losses, if any, arising from these lawsuits

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

are adequately provided for under indemnification agreements or insurance coverage and therefore, would not have material effect on June 30, 2013 basic financial statements.

(b) Grants and Subventions

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under grant terms, any required reimbursements are not expected to be material.

(c) Central Valley Project

On June 7, 1977, the District entered into a contract with the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation for water service from the San Felipe Division of the Federal Central Valley Project (CVP). The CVP water service provides for both agricultural operation and maintenance (O&M) and municipal and industrial (M&I) water deliveries to the District up to a total maximum annual entitlement of 152,500 acre-feet per year. The contract specified initial water rates for O&M and M&I water service and provided for periodic adjustments for the respective water rates in accordance with prevailing CVP water rate policies commencing in the year 1993 for the inbasin M&I rate component; 1996 for the agricultural O&M rate component; 2001 for the full agricultural water rate; and 2008 for the out-of-basin M&I rate component. The methodology of CVP water rate setting has historically recovered current year operating costs and the applicable construction costs over 50 years.

The District's initial CVP water rates were determined based on a November 1974 CVP water rate policy and estimated construction costs of the San Felipe Division. The actual construction costs of the San Felipe Division were significantly higher than the estimates used in the initial rate calculation, and changes in the Federal Reclamation Law during the 1980's have led to the development of new CVP water rate policies. These policies, coupled with the terms of the original contract, resulted in the District facing significant increases for repayment of the San Felipe Division.

In compliance with the Central Valley Improvement Act (CVPIA), the District entered into negotiations, along with all other CVP contractors, with the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation for contract renewal. Because of concerns related to litigation challenging the renewal process, the District entered into an amended contract. The amendment maintained the basic provisions of the original contract, implemented provisions of CVPIA, and allowed the establishment of a fixed repayment for the San Felipe Division facilities.

(d) Perchlorate

In 2003, perchlorate was discovered at the Olin Corporation facility and over a wide area in the Llagas subbasin in South County, impacting a number of water supply wells. The investigation and clean-up of the contamination are under the jurisdiction of the Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board. As of November 2011, perchlorate is still present above the Maximum Contaminant Level in a few South County water supply wells and over a wide area of the subbasin. Olin's remedial efforts to date have been focused on clean-up of

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

the site, including soil removal and groundwater treatment. Olin is in the process of beginning the clean-up of contaminated groundwater beyond the Olin site.

(17) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through April 21, 2014, which is the issuance date of the financial statements. There are no reportable subsequent events through this date.

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Required Supplementary Information

WATER ENTERPRISE FUNDS OF THE

SANTA CLARA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT

Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Post Retirement Benefit Plan June 30, 2013

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	([b-a]/c)
6/30/2007	\$ -	\$ 141,459,000	\$ 141,459,000	0.0%	\$78,300,000	180.7%
12/31/2008	19,580,319	150,156,794	130,576,475	13.0%	76,369,316	171.0%
6/30/2011	32,273,200	156,061,200	123,788,000	20.7%	81,761,500	151.4%

Other Information

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Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Santa Clara Valley Water District San Jose, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Water Enterprise Fund (Fund) of the Santa Clara Valley Water District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 21, 2014. Our report included an emphasis of a matter paragraph regarding the Fund's financial statements present only the Fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Fund's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fund's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Palo Alto, California

Varrinek, Trine, Day & Co. LLP

April 21, 2014



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED UPON PROCEDURES

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Directors Santa Clara Valley Water District San Jose, California

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Santa Clara Valley Water District (the District), to review allocation of revenues and expenses between the North and South Zone of the Water Utility Enterprise Fund service area for the year ended June 30, 2013, for the purpose of determining the rate charges between the two zones. We used the allocation methodologies used by the District's management which involves estimates based on actual revenues and both actual and encumbered expenses between the two zones. Management of the District is responsible for the compliance with District resolutions. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those specified parties in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

Agreed Upon Procedures Performed

- 1. Verify that the revenues and expenses of the Water Utility Enterprise Fund were properly allocated between the North and South zones consistently between the current and prior years.
- 2. Verify the reasonableness of the allocation of the budgeted revenues and budgeted expenses by observing the methodologies used by management and by examining the reasonableness of the assumptions behind those allocations.

Results of Procedures

- 1. The revenues and expenses were allocated between the North and the South zone consistently in the current year compared to the prior year.
- 2. The allocation of revenues and expenses based on procedures used by management appear to be reasonable. Management has determined allocations based on water usage, labor costs, and estimated benefits to the North and South Zones.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information use of Board of Directors and management of the Santa Clara Valley Water District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Palo Alto, California

Varrinek, Trine, Day & Co. LLP

Schedule of Revenues and Expenses (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	North C	ounty	South	County		Total
Operating Revenues:						
Ground Water Charges	\$	52,116	\$	9,968	\$	62,084
Treated Water Charges		92,359		-		92,359
Surface and recycled water charges		804		471		1,275
Operating Grants		944		36		980
Other		946		-	,	946
Total Operating revenues	1	47,169		10,475		157,644
Operating Expenses						
Sources of Supply		70,734		7,192		77,926
Water Treatment		29,359		28		29,387
Transmission and distribution:						
Raw Water		7,287		2,095		9,383
Treated Water		1,934		85		2,018
Administration and general		13,690		2,901		16,591
Capital Cost Recovery		(2,947)		2,947	-	125 205
Total Operating Expenses		20,057		15,248		135,305
Operating income (loss)		27,112		(4,773)		22,339
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Property Taxes		21,883		2,317		24,200
Investment Income		1,163		-		1,163
Rental Income		66		30		96
Other		4,175		344		4,519
Interest and fiscal agent fees		(8,878)		-		(8,878)
Open Space Credit Transfer		(7,076)		7,076		-
Interest earned credit		(10)		10		- 04 400
Net Operating revenues		11,323	Φ.	9,777	_	21,100
Change in Net Position	\$	38,435	\$	5,004	\$	43,439
Reconciliation to Statement of Revenues,	Expenses	and Chan	iges in Ne	et Position:		
Income (Loss)					\$	43,439
Less: Depreciation and amortization expense	es not alloc	ated betwe	en zones			(23,008)
Less: Prior years' budget expenditures						(2,374)
Less: GAAP basis expenses and other liabil						(342)
Less: Increase operarting expenses due to		•	d cost			(5,057)
Add: Overhead adjustment not allocated be	ween zone	es				581
Add: Capital cost reimbursements	. 14.11.4					4,610
Add: Encumbrances included in total Water	Utility expe	nses				13,518
Add: Net of transfer in and transfer out					-	3,729
Change in net position per Statement of Rev Changes in Net Position	enues, Exp	benses and			\$	35,096

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements